

Obtaining modular units via a recurrence relation.

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The modular curve $Y_1(N)$ parametrises pairs (E, P) , where E is an elliptic curve and P is a point of order N on E , and we call an algebraic function on this affine curve a unit if it has no poles or zeroes.

We first review how the recurrence relation of elliptic divisibility sequences gives rise to defining equations for the curves $Y_1(N)$. We then show that the same recurrence relation also gives explicit algebraic formulae for a basis of the group of units on $Y_1(N)$, and we generalise to $Y(N)$.

This result proves and generalises a conjecture of Maarten Derickx and Mark van Hoeij.